

TECHNICAL SHEET No. 5

Virus Detection: *Cucumber mosaic virus* (CMV)

Method: DAS ELISA

General

Virus detected: *Cucumber mosaic virus* was detected from cucumber, tobacco and watermelon leaves.

Method: DAS ELISA

Developed by

Name of researcher: Hanokh Czosnek, Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Israel

Address (email): czosnek@agri.huji.ac.il

Date: December 26, 2005

Goals

To develop a reliable and fast detection system for CMV.

Introduction

CMV is a well studied virus which infects many plant species.

Method

The CMV antibody is a gift from Prof. G. Loebenstein, The Volcani Center Israel

Coating of microtiter plate

1. Dilute the CMV antibody 1:1000 in coating buffer. Coating buffer is for 1 liter (pH 9.6), in ddw: Na₂CO₃ 1.59 g, NaHCO₃ 2.93 g, NaN₃ 0.20 g.
2. Add 100- 200 µl to each well and cover plates tightly.
3. Incubate at 37°C for 4 hr or at 4-6 °C for 18 h.
4. Wash: Empty the wells and wash 3-4 times with washing buffer, remove any liquid by blotting the plate on paper to wells. Washing buffer is (for 1 liter, pH 7.4): in ddw, NaCl 8.00 g, KH₂PO₄ 0.20 g, Na₂HPO₄ 1.15 g, KCl 0.20 g, Tween 20 0.50 g, NaN₃ 0.20 g.

Antigen extraction and binding

1. Homogenize test sample 1:20 in either one of the extraction buffers (both extraction buffer are good). Extraction buffer I: for 1 liter, pH 8.5: Tris-(hydroxymethyl) aminomethane (Tris) 2.40 g, NaCl 8.00 g, Tween 20 0.50 g, KCl 0.20 g, NaN₃ 0.20 g. Extraction buffer II: 0.5 M Citrate, 0.1% Thioglycolic acid, 0.1% Triton 100.
2. Add 200 µl per well. Cover plates tightly. Incubate in a moist chamber at 4-6 °C for 18 h.
3. Wash: Empty the wells and wash 3-4 times with washing buffer, remove any liquid by blotting the plate on paper towels. Washing buffer is (for 1 liter, pH 7.4): in ddw, NaCl 8.00 g, KH₂PO₄ 0.20 g, Na₂HPO₄ 1.15 g, KCl 0.20 g, Tween 20 0.50 g, NaN₃ 0.20 g.

Conjugate

1. Conjugate: Dilute anti-CMV alkaline phosphatase conjugate 1:1000 in conjugate buffer or in TBS buffer. Conjugate buffer is, for 1 liter, pH 7.4: Tris-(hydroxymethyl) amino-methane 2.40 g, NaCl 8.00 g, PVP (Polyvinyl-pyrrolidone) MW 24,000 20.00 g, Tween 20 0.50 g, BSA (bovine serum albumin) 2.00 g, $MgCl_2 \cdot 6 H_2O$ 0.20 g, KCl 0.20 g, NaN_3 0.20 g.
2. Add 200 μ l per well and cover plates tightly.
3. Incubate at 37°C for 3-5 hr.
4. Wash: Empty the wells and wash 3-4 times with washing buffer, remove any liquid by blotting the plate on paper towels.

Color reaction

1. Dissolve p-nitrophenyl phosphate to 1 mg/ml in substrate buffer. Substrate buffer is for 1 liter (pH 9.8): in ddw, diethanolamine 97.00 ml, NaN_3 0.20 g (the substrate buffer available as 5x concentrate, Art. No. 110130).
2. Add 200 μ l per well and incubate at ambient temperature in the dark.
3. Observe reaction and read yellow color development after 30-120 min.
4. Visually and/or read with an ELISA reader at 405 nm.

Results

Black line (upper line): the infected tissue was extracted with extraction buffer I containing uninfected plant tissue. Red line (lower line): the tissue was extracted with buffer II.

