A CAPS marker, FER-G8, for detection of *Ty3* and *Ty3a* alleles associated with *S. chilense* introgressions for begomovirus resistance in tomato breeding lines

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Several different accessions of S. chilense have been used as sources of begomovirus resistance genes. Zamir et al. (1994) used LA1969 as a source of Ty-1 gene in chromosome 6 (ca. 8 cM). LA1969 was also the source of resistance against Tomato yellow leaf curl virus (TYLCV) for new lines developed in Cuba (Piňón et al., 2005). Scott and his team (Agrama and Scott. 2006; Scott. 2001; Scott et al., 1995). have used several accessions of S. chilense as sources of resistance to TYLCV and Tomato mottle virus (ToMoV). Lines from Scott's program at the University of Florida were evaluated in Guatemala (Mejía et al., 2005); and the line Gc9 with resistance from LA2779 and line Gc171 from LA2779/LA1932 were highly resistant to bipartite begomoviruses. The begomovirus resistance Ty-1 and Ty-3 loci on chromosome 6 for advanced breeding lines derived from LA2779 were mapped between C2 At2g39690 (5.3 cM) to T0834 (32 cM) (Ji et al., 2007). The partially dominant Ty-3 gene was mapped region between cLEG-31-P16 (20 cM) and T1079 (27 cM) (Ji and Scott, 2006). The line Gc9 has an introgression from on chromosome 6 from the REX-1 locus (6 cM) to T0834 (32 cM), which would include the loci for Ty-1 and Ty-3 (Maxwell, unpublished data). SCAR or CAPS markers have been developed to detect the Ty-1 and Ty-3 loci (see this web site). Unfortunately, the co-dominant SCAR marker, FLUW25, only detected the Ty-3 introgression from LA2779 and not the introgression from LA1932, line Gc171. Thus, it was expected that this Gc171 might have a different introgression. The FLUW25 primers amplify DNA in the region of the FER BAC clone (56B23, AY678298) at 25 cM on chromosome 6. Primers were designed for several of the genes associated with this BAC clone. For the gene 8 and gene 10, three different sequences were obtained for Heinz 1706 (S. lycopersicum), Gc9 (S. chilense LA2779), and Gc171 (S. chilense LA1932) (Martin and Maxwell, unpublished data). This report describes the development of a CAPS marker to detect the alleles associated with S. lycopersicum (ty-1), S. chilense LA2779 (Ty-3), and S. chilense LA1932 (Ty-3a) at gene 8 of the FER BAC clone (AY678298).

Material and Methods

<u>Primers</u>: FER-G8F1 is 5'-cat ccc gtg cat cat cca aag tga c -3', and FER-G8R1 is 5'cta agg gtg tac ccc aag gga ac -3'. These primers matched the sequence of the G8 from nt 171,604 to 172,113 of the FER BAC clone (56B23, AY678298).

<u>PCR and Restriction Enzyme Methods</u>: DNA was extracted from fresh leaves of plants with PUREGENE® DNA Purification Kit (Gentra Systems, Inc., Minneapolis, MN) and DNA adjusted to approximately 10 ng/µl. PCR parameters were for 25-µl reactions containing 2.5 µl 2.5 mM dNTPs, 5 µl 5x buffer, 2.5 µl 2.5 mM MgCl₂, 0.1 µl (0.5 units) Go*Taq* DNA polymerase (Promega Corp., Madison, WI), 2.5 µl each forward and reverse primer at 10 µM, 2-5 µl of DNA extract, and water. PCR cycles were 94 C for 3 min, the 35 cycles of 94 C for 30 sec, 55 C for 1 min, and 72 C for 1.5 min. These cycles were followed by 72 C for 10 min, and then the reaction was held at 4 C. PCR reactions were performed in the MJ DNA Engine PT200 ThermocyclerTM (MJ Research

Inc., Waltham, MA). PCR-amplified fragments were separated by gel electrophoresis with 2% agarose in 0.5 X TBE buffer, stained with ethidium bromide, and visualized with UV light. ssDNA was digested in PCR reactions with shrimp alkaline phosphatase (Progmega Corp.) and exonuclease I (Epicentre, Madison, WI) and the PCR-fragments directly sequenced with Big Dye Sequencing Kit[™] and analyzed by the Biotechnology Center, University of Wisconsin-Madison.

Approximately 10 μ l of the PCR reaction was used in a 25 μ l reaction mixture with *Taq*l restriction enzyme (Promega Corp.) at 65 C for 2-4 hrs and fragments separated on 2% agarose gels in 0.5X TBE buffer, stained with ethidium bromide and visualized with UV light.

Results and Discussion

The primer pair FER-G8F1/FER-G8R1 gave a 500-bp fragment with M82-1-8 (*S. lycopersicum*), Gc171, and Glh902 (this line has the same introgression as Gc9 for this region (6.5 cM to 32 cM), unpublished data). The sequences were aligned (Fig. 1) and the sequence for M82-1-8 did not have a *Taq*I site, the one for Gc171 had one site (*Ty-3a* locus) and the for Glh902 two *Taq*I sites (*Ty-3* locus). The FER-G8 PCR fragments were digested with *Taq*I and the fragment pattern was as expected for the three alleles (Fig. 2).

The relative importance of Ty-3 and Ty-3a loci to contribute to begomovirus resistance is not known. In much of the germplasm in the tomato breeding program at San Carlos University, Guatemala, such as Gc9 and Ih902 (see 902 in Vidavsky and Czosnek, 1998), the Ty-1 and Ty-3 loci are present. In the case of Gc171, the Ty-3a allele is present, but not the Ty-1 locus. In the future, it will be important to determine how closely lined this CAPS marker, FER-G8, is to the functional gene and also the contribution of this region to the resistance level. On this web site, the protocol for the co-dominant SCAR marker, P6-25, is available. This SCAR marker was developed from sequences near the 3' prime end of the FER BAC clone. Thus, it might be valuable to follow these two markers in segregating populations to see which marker is most closely linked to the functional gene.

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Fig. 1. Sequence of FER-G8 fragment for M82 (*S. lycopersicum, ty-1* allele), Gc171 (most likely *S. chilense* LA1932, *Ty-3a* allele), and Ih902 (same introgression as Gc9 from *S. chilense*, LA2779, *Ty-3* allele). Sequence lengths are incorrect. *Taq*I restriction sites are marked.

M82	CATCCCGTGCATCATCCAAAGTGACTTCCCATATCCCTATTTA	60
Gc171	CATCCCGTGCATCATCCAAAGTGACTTCCCATATCCCTATTTA	60
GIh902	CATCCCGTGCATCATCCAAAGTGACTTCCCATATCCCTATT c A	51
Consensus	catcccgtgcatcatccaaagtgacttcccatatccctatt a	
M82	ТАСАСТТАССАДТТАСАСАССАССТАТССАДАТТСАТТАСАДССАТАДАТСССССА	120
Gc171		120
GTh902		111
Consensus	tacagttagcaattagacagcag tatggaaccaaattgattagaacgataaaat ggga	
compendud		
M82	GACAAAATAGTTGAATTATCTATTAAATCATACTCATTGCCAACACATTTAAGAA.GAGG	179
Gc171	GACAAAATAGTTGAATTATCTATTAAATCATACTCATTGCCAACACATT a AAGAA a GAGG	180
GIh902	GgCAAAATAGTTGAATTATCTATTAAATCATACTCATTGCCAACACATTaAgaAA.GAGG	170
Consensus	g caaaatagttgaattatctattaaatcatactcattgccaacacatt a aa gagg	
	TaqI	
M82	AGTTTCTTAGGGACATAAAGAACTGCAGAAGCAATCGGCAACAATGAGATGTAAGGCATG	239
Gc171	AGTTTCTTAGGGACA a AAAGAA a TGCAGAAGCAA TCGa CAACAATGAGATGTAAGGCATG	240
GIh902	AGTTTCTTAGGGACATAAAGAA a TGCAGAAGCAA TCGa CAA a AATGAGATGTAAGGCATG	230
Consensus	agtttcttagggaca aaagaa tgcagaagcaatcg caa aatgagatgtaaggcatg	
	TaqI	
M82	GATGCCCTTGAATGTTAAGTTAGTCAAGCAAGCTCAAGCTGCAGAGCTGATACAGTATCT	299
Gc171	GATGCCCTTGAATGTTAAGTTAGTCAAGCAAGCTCAAGCTGCAGAGCTGATACAGTATCT	300
GIh902	GATGCCCTTGAATGTTAAGTTAG TCgA GCAAGCTCAAGCTGCAGAGCTGATACAGTATCT	290
Consensus	gatgcccttgaatgttaagttagtc agcaagctcaagctgcagagctgatacagtatct	
M82	TACATGCTAGTTTGCATTTTGATTGATATATATCAGCCTGTACAAGACCTTCCAACAAAC	359
Gc171	TACATGCTAGTTTGCATTTTGATTGATATATCAGCCTGTACAAGACCTTCCAACAAAC	360
GIH902	TACATGCTAGCTTGCATTTTGATTGATATATATCAGCCTGTACAAGACCTTCCAACAAAC	350
Consensus	tacatgctag ttgcattttgattgatatatatcagcctgtacaagaccttccaacaaac	
M82	ຉ൙ຉຨຨຉຎຌຉຎຌຉຎຎຉຠຌຉຠຌຠຠຉຉຠຌຨຉຉຬຎຉຉຬຒຉຬຌຌຉຌຬຎຉຬຒຉຬຬຉຬຬຉຬຬຬຉຬຬຬຉຬຬຬຉຬຬຬຉຬຬຬຉຬຬຬຬຬຬຬຬ	419
Gc171	ΑζΤΑζΑΤΑζΤΑΑΤζΑΤζΑΤζΑΤζΑΤζΑΤζΑΤΑΤζΟΛΟΤΙΟΥΤΑζζΑΤζΟΛΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟΥΤΟ	420
GIh902	ACTACATACTAATCATGATGTTAATGCACATAACTACGGATGCACCAGCATTCAGAAGTT	410
Consensus	actacatactaatcatgatgttaatgcacataactacggatgcaccagcattcagaagtt	
		470
M82		4/9
GC1/1 CTh000		480
GIN902		470
Consensus	caaactaaccigcalgilgaalgclaccalcigagclocalgcalccagccagicalagg	
M82	CTTGAAATTTGAGGAGGTCACTCTTGTTCCCTTGGGGTACACCCTTAG	527
Gc171	CTTGAAATTTGAGGAGGTCACTCTTGTTCCCTTGGGGGTACACCCTTAG	528
GIh902	CTTGAAATTTGAGGAGGTCACTCTTGTTCCCTTGGGGGTACACCCTTAG	518
Consensus	cttgaaatttgaggaggtcactcttgttcccttggggtacacccttag	



Fig. 2. *Taq*I digestion of the FER-G8 PCR fragments (500 bp). Lane 1, 100-bp marker (Invitrogen); lane 2, undigested Gc171; lane 3, undigested M82; lane 4, undigested GIh902; lane 5, digested Gc171; lane 6, digested M82; lane 7, digested GIh902.