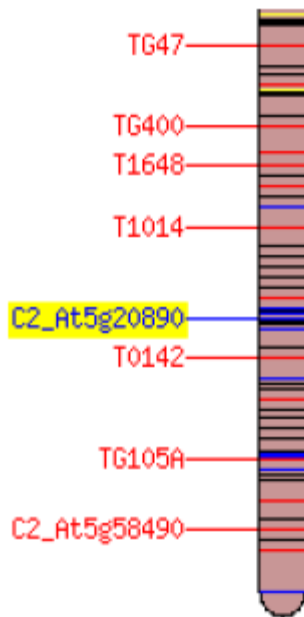


## COSII Marker C2\_At5g20890, 76.00cM

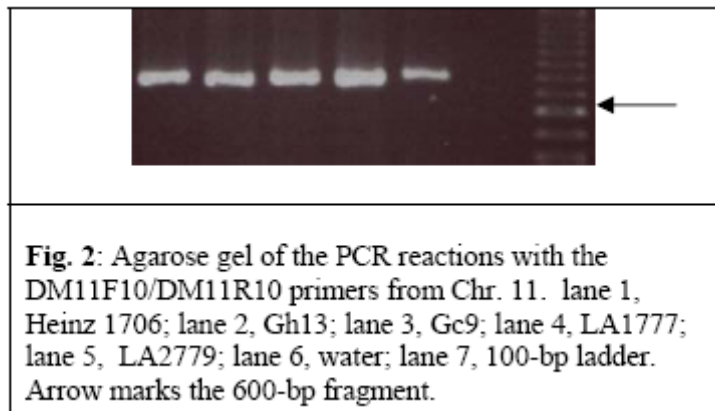
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University of Wisconsin-Madison: June 30, 2006

**Fig.1:** Map of the bottom of Chr. 11. (Modified from Solanaceae Genomics Network, 2006).



**Table 1:** Primers from C2\_At5g20890 on Chr. 11

Primer Name	Sequence (5' to 3')
DM11-F10	AACTTATCGAGGAGATCATGATTGG
DM11-R10	AGCTGAGCAATCAGCTCAGCACTGTC



**Fig. 2:** Agarose gel of the PCR reactions with the DM11F10/DM11R10 primers from Chr. 11. lane 1, Heinz 1706; lane 2, Gh13; lane 3, Gc9; lane 4, LA1777; lane 5, LA2779; lane 6, water; lane 7, 100-bp ladder. Arrow marks the 600-bp fragment.

**Background:** The purpose of this project was to locate molecular markers for disease resistance in tomato. To accomplish this goal, primers were obtained from the Solanaceae Genomics Network (SGN) website (Solanaceae Genomics Network, 2006), and used with five different tomato lines.

We used the tomato breeding lines, Gh13 and Gc9 which are resistant to the bipartite begomoviruses in Guatemala (Mejía *et al.*, 2004; Nakhla *et al.*, 2004). Gh13 is the F7 generation and is a homogeneous breeding line with resistance derived from *L. hirsutum*. Gc9 is at least an F8 breeding line with resistance genes introgressed from *L. chilense* by J. W. Scott (Scott *et al.*, 1995). LA1777 is the *L. hirsutum* parent, and is thought to be the source of the introgression in Gh13. LA2779 is the *L. chilense* parent and is thought to be the source of the introgression in Gc9 (Maxwell, D., pers. com.)

As a control, we used the breeding line Heinz 1706. Heinz 1706 is the tomato cultivar being sequenced in an international sequencing project (Budiman *et al.*, 2000; Ozminowski, 2004), and is susceptible to geminiviruses (Hapidat, M., pers. com.). The susceptibility of Heinz 1706 to geminiviruses was confirmed through testing with *Tomato Yellow Leaf Curl Virus*, which is a begomovirus (Maxwell, D., pers. com.).

The begomovirus resistant lines, Gh13 and Gc9 were supplied by Dr. L. Mejía, Universidad de San Carlos, Guatemala City. The susceptible line, Heinz 1706, was supplied by Dr. R. Ozminowski, Heinz Seed Co., Stockton, CA.

**Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR):** PCR fragments from each set of primers, for each of the five genotypes, were obtained using methods developed in the Maxwell lab (Czosnek *et al.*, 2004). PCR parameters were for 50- $\mu$ l reactions containing: 5- $\mu$ l 2.5mM deoxynucleotide triphosphates (dNTPs), 5- $\mu$ l 10X buffer, 5- $\mu$ l 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.2- $\mu$ l *Taq* DNA polymerase, 5- $\mu$ l each forward and reverse sense primer at 10 $\mu$ M, 5-7  $\mu$ l of DNA extract, and H<sub>2</sub>O. Some PCR reactions were run with 25- $\mu$ l reactions. When this was the case, the concentrations of all chemicals were exactly half of what appeared in the 50- $\mu$ l reactions. PCR cycle parameters for fragment amplification were as follows: denaturation at 94°C for 3 min, then 35 cycles at 94°C for 30 sec each, annealing at 53°C for 1 min, and extension at 72°C for 1 min. These cycles were followed by a reaction at 72°C for 10 min, and then the reaction was held at 4°C. PCR reactions were performed in the MJ DNA Engine PT200 Thermocycler™ (MJ Research Inc., Waltham, MA). The PCR-amplified DNA was run on an electrophoresis gel of 1.5% Seakem LE™ agarose (BioWhittaker Molecular Applications Rockland, ME) in 0.5X TBE buffer, stained with ethidium bromide, and visualized with a Kodak Gel Logic 200 Imaging System.

**DM11F10-R10 Results:** The DM11F10/DM11R10 primer pair was chosen from the list of COSII primers on the SGN website (Solanaceae Genomics Network, 2006). The primer combination produced a strong single band at approximately 800 bp with all tested samples (Fig. 2). These PCR products were directly sequenced with both the forward and reverse primer pairs. Heinz 1706, Gc9, Gh13, and LA1777 each produced good sequence with both the forward and reverse primer pairs. LA2779 appeared to be heterozygous at this location. Upon alignment, the breeding lines matched exactly with Heinz 1706. Thus, there were no SNP or INDEL that separated the begomovirus breeding lines from the susceptible control Heinz 1706. LA1777 differed from the other lines by 18 SNP and 2 INDEL out of 777 bp. Thus, there is no indication that a molecular marker for begomovirus resistance could be found at this location.

**SEQ Heinz\_DM11F10-R10, Genbank Accession DQ855128, 778 bp;**

ORIGIN

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1      AACTTATCGA GGAGATCATG ATTGGCGAAG ATAAGCTGAT CCACTTCTCT GGGGTTGCAA
61     TGGGACAGGC ATGTACAATT GTTCTGAGAG GTGCAAGGTG AGTTGGTGTT ATGGTGCCCTG
121    CCTTTTATTT CATATGTTTC ACTTGCTTGT GCAAGCTTGT TATGCATAAC TGTGATGTTC
181    CATTGTGTGA GTATTAAACT ATGACATTGT AGACGCTTCA TTTTACCTA CCCCTCTTA
241    AAGGTAGTTT GAACAATTAA ATTTGTTTTA GAAGTCTTGG GATAATTCTT TTTTTGTAA
301    AAGAAAAAAA GAAGCATTGC TCGACTGTTT GTTTTACTTT TACTCGAGGA CCGGCTCGAT
361    TCCTTAGTGC TTGTGTTCTG TAAATGGACC TGATGGTAAT TGTCACACAT TGCATTCTTC
421    TGGACTTTTT GTGTTTTTCT TACTGGGTTT TAAATATGAT GATATGTTCT ACTTGTGATG
481    TGTTTCCTTG TTAATGTCTA TTTTGTCTT TTCTTTCAGC CCTCATGTAC TGGATGAAGC
541    TGAAAGATCT CTGCACGATG CATTGTGTGT ACTATCTCAG ACGGTAATG ACAGCAGGGT
601    TCTACTTGGA GGTGGATGGC CCGAGATGGT GATGGCTAAG GCGGTTGATG AACTAGCTAA
661    GAAGACTCCA GGTAAAAGGT CTCATGCAAT TGAGGCTTTC ACCCGTGAC TCTGGCAAT
721    TCCAACCACC ATTGCCGACA ATGCTGGGTT AGACAGTGCT GAGCTGATTG GCTCAGCT

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**SEQ LA1777\_DM11F10-R10, Genbank Accession DQ855116, 763 bp;**

ORIGIN

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1      AACTATTTCGA GGAGATCATG ATTGGNGAAG ATAAGCTGAT CCACTTCTCT GGGGTTGCAA
61     TGGGACAGGC ATGTACAATT GTTCTGAGAG GTGCAAGGTG AGTTGGTGTT ACGGTGTCTG
121    CCTTTTATTT CATATGTTTC ACTTGCTTGT GCAAGCTTGT TATGCATAAC TGTGATGTTC
181    CCTTGTGTGA GTATTAAACT ATGACATTGT AGACACTTCA TTTTACCTA CCCCTTTTAA
241    AGGTAGTTTG AACAAATTA AATGTTTTAG AAGTCTTGGG ATAATTTTTT TTATGTAAGA

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301 GAAAAAAGA AGCATTGTTT GACTGTTTGT TTTACTTATA CTCGAGGACC GGCTCAATTC  
 361 CTTAGTGCTT GTGTTCTGAA ATTGGACCTG ATGGTAATTG TCCCACATTG CATTCTTCTG  
 421 GACTTTTTGG TTTTTCCTTC ATGGGTTTTA AATATGATGA TATGTTCTAC TTGTGATGTG  
 481 TTTCTTGTG AACGTCTCTG TTTGTTCTTT CTTTCAGCCC TCATGTACTG GATGAAGCTG  
 541 AAAGATCTCT GCACGATGCA TTGTGTGTAC TATCTCAGAC GGTAAATGAC AGCAGGGTTC  
 601 TACTTGGAGG TGGATGGCCC GAGATGGTGA TGGCTAAGGC GGTGATGAA CTAGCTAAGA  
 661 AGACTCCAGG TAAAAGGTCT CATGCAATTG AGGCTTTCAC CCGTGCACTT CTGGCAATTC  
 721 CAACCACCAT TGCCGACAAT GCTGGGTTAG ACAGTGCTGA GCT

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